Breastfeeding after birth



This pdf booklet contains all the information a breastfeeding parent and their healthcare providers should know to help support the breastfeeding parent.



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Important notes for the healthcare professional



Evidence Based Babies Pregnancy, Birth, Breastfeeding and Parenting.

Respect the parents autonomy. It's their choice how they want to feed their baby, not yours.

Provide the parent with all the evidence based information about the benefits of breastfeeding.

Support the parent in feeding their baby exactly how they choose to.

Refer the parent to an International Board Certified Lactation Consultant (IBCLC) for the best possible breastfeeding support.

Never give the baby formula supplementation without the parents consent or if it's not neccessary.

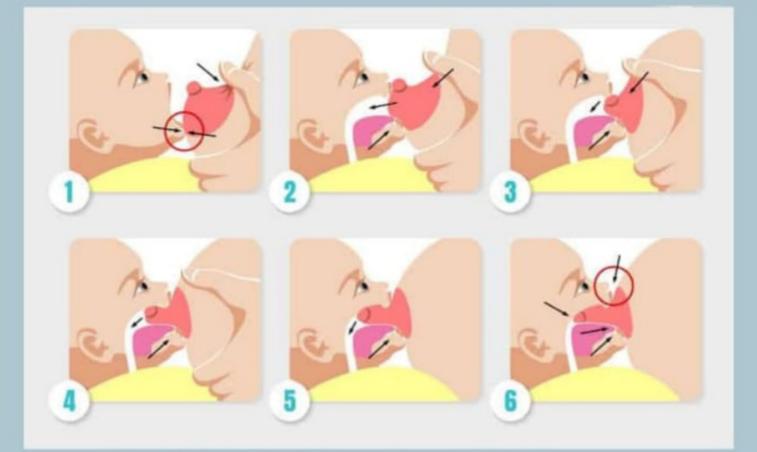


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Evidence Based Babies Programey, Childbirth, Breastfeeding and Parenting







Production starts around 16 weeks

Protects the gut

Contains antibodies

Full of vitamins, minerals, fats and protein Laxative effect to help clear meconium and jaundice

Liquid gold





Water

Enzymes

Carbohydrates

Vitamins and minerals

Fats Protein Hormones 800 strains of good bacteria

Active and passive immunity

Ebb.info@evidencebasedbabies.com www.evidencebasedbabies.com

Live cells





Put baby to the breast and let baby feed for as long as baby wants to. When baby let's go of the breast, offer them the other breast. Don't force, just offer.

Some babies will only take one breast, some will take both, and some will take both breasts more than once. All of this are normal variations.

Be sure to always start the next feed from the breast that you offered last at the previous feeding. This will ensure equal stimulation to both breasts.



What it is



Cluster feeding is when a baby wants to feed very frequently over a few hours at a time. It is most common during the early weeks and months, during growth spurts, mental development, sleep regressions, discomfort and for comfort. It is most common in the early morning or late afternoon, but it can happen at anytime of the day.



Is it normal?

As long as the baby is having frequent wet and soiled diapers and is gaining weight adequately,this is normal infant behaviour. Do not restrict the baby from the breast.







Important notes for the healthcare professional



If a baby needs supplementation for medical reasons, the first option should be the mothers own expressed breastmilk or human donor milk and if these aren't possible, formula can then be given to the baby.

The best way to feed a breastfed baby who needs to be supplemented is with a teaspoon, an open cup or a syringe. This will help prevent confusion between artificial teats and the mother's breast.

A good resource on breastfeeding medical protocols for healthcare professionals is the Academy Of Breastfeeding Medicine. This is protocols on breastfeeding written by healthcare professionals for healthcare professionals.